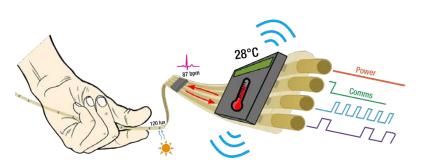
Ultra Low Power Electronics for Undetectable ASTs

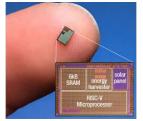
Ben Calhoun University of Virginia May 2022 bcalhoun@virginia.edu



Advanced Smart Textiles (ASTs) are Power-Limited

- Any AST using conventional chips will need a "puck" to house batteries and electronics somewhere in the system
- Get the puck out! \rightarrow lower power to <u>microwatt range</u>
- To integrate in textiles or fiber, we need a distributed <u>network of components with integrated power & data</u>



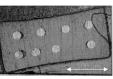


Segment SoC (System on Chip)

- 1.5 nW to 10 nW
- MCU, SRAM, bus, DC-DC, harvesting, temp sensor



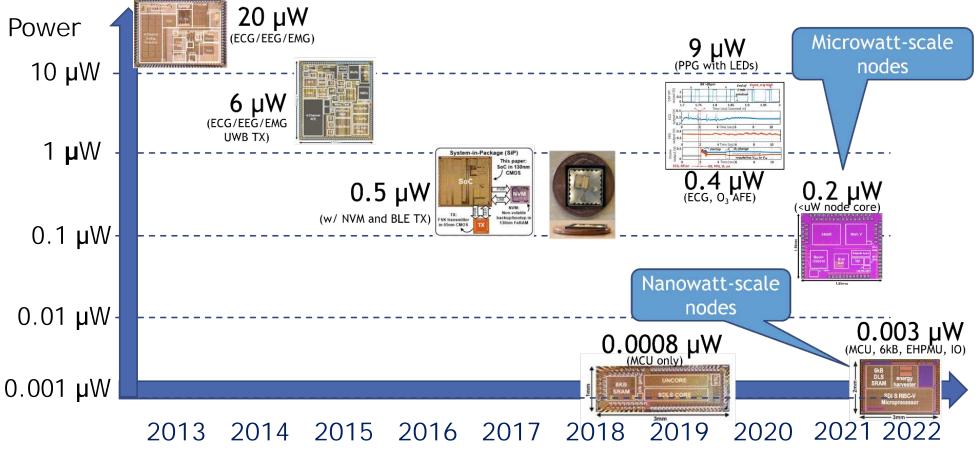
On interposer





2

UVA Systems-on-Chip: Do a lot for µWs!



3

Integration with Fiber and Fabrics

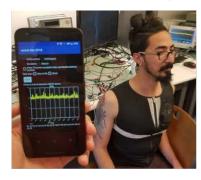
Components placed around garment Multiple techniques

Collaborations to show variety of integrated components and technology options

Into Fiber: integrated bus and power (MIT-LL)



Into textiles: sensors, energy harvesting, interconnect, antennas, energy storage (ASSIST Center, NCSU)



Embroidered components: sensors, energy harvesting, textile actuators (Sarah Sun, UVA)

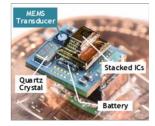


System integration

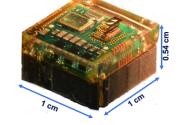
- Distributed network of components with integrated power & data
- Components support IARPA use case at microwatts or below

Sensing: Audio sensing, Sensing: GPS imaging w/ detection (Dave Wentzloff, UMich)

(Dennis Sylvester, UMich)

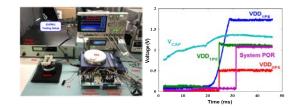


- 142nW Voice Activation
- Analog front end, micNeural net classifier
- Neural net classifier
- mm-scale imaging

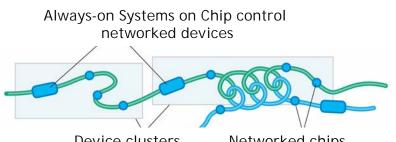


- GPS AFE: 13µW to 10mW
- 100ms RF recording time
- 32 satellite search
- 28 days of fixes stored
- Battery or PV powered

Power: DC-DC conversion, energy storage, energy harvesting (UVA)



- ~ ~90% efficient at nW to **µ**W
- Multiple in, multiple out
- Store: battery or supercap
- Harvest: light, temp, motion



Device clusters work together Networked chips serve different functions

Data, memory, processing, communications (UVA)



- Lowest power SRAM: <nW
- Non-volatile memory: **μW**
- Digital acceleration and processing
- Wakeup RX: -110dBm at <100nW